

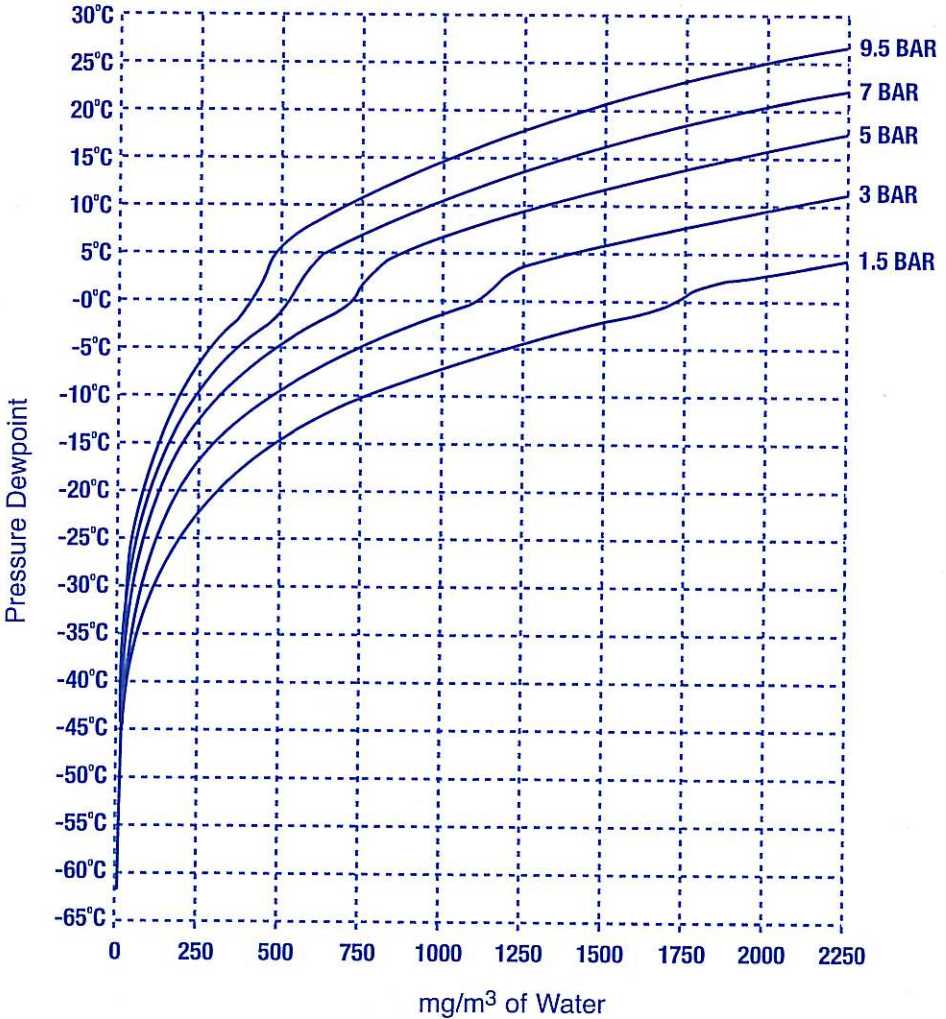
SAFE AIR TESTER - RESULTS

User Name and Address		
Details of System / Equipment & Test Location:		
TEST	RESULT	**REQUIREMENT / NOTES
1a) Ambient temperature	°C	
*1b) Airline temperature	°C	
* 2) Test point volume	L/min	Depend on RPE
3a) System pressure (Airline)	BAR	Tester gauge
3b) Cylinder pressure (H.P.)	BAR	Cylinder contents gauge
4) Oxygen (O ₂)	%	20-22% by volume
5) Carbon Monoxide (CO)	ppm	5ppm (5ml/m ³) max
6) Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	ppm	500ppm (500ml/m ³) max
7) Oil mist	pass / fail	0.5 mg/m ³ max
8) Odour	pass / fail	Without significant odour or taste
9) Water Vapour (H ₂ O)	mg/m ³	H.P. Cylinders 40-200 bar 50mg/m ³ max. above 200 bar 35mg/m ³ max. Cylinder Charging Compressor 25mg/m ³ max.
*9a) Pressure dewpoint (refer to graph overleaf)	°C	Airline below 40 bar Pressure dewpoint to be 5°C below likely lowest ambient temperature. Where temperature is not known then pressure dewpoint should not exceed -11°C.
Date:	Engineer Contact Details:	
Test: Satisfactory / Unsatisfactory	Company:	
Test Engineer:	Tel:	
Signed:		
Next Test Due:		

*Airline Only

**Requirements according to BS EN12021

PRESSURE DEWPOINT GRAPH AIRLINE SYSTEMS



To establish pressure dewpoint take the point where tube reading in mg / m³ intersects system pressure and read off pressure dewpoint from vertical scale.

NOTE: Pressure dewpoint is the temperature at which free water is likely to occur at system pressure. Therefore the minimum operating temperature should be 5°C above the pressure dewpoint obtained.